

**VI Semester B.Com. Examination, May 2016
(Semester Scheme) (Freshers + Repeaters)
(2014 – 15 & Onwards)
Paper – 6.3 : COMMERCE
Income Tax – II**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answers should be written **completely** in **English** or in **Kannada**.

SECTION – A

Answer **any ten** sub questions. **Each** sub question carries **two** marks. **(10x2=20)**

1. a) What is vocation ?
b) What is short term capital gains ?
c) What is meant by carry forward and set off of losses ?
d) What is meant by cost of improvement ?
e) State any four transactions included under the term transfer.
f) What is meant by cash system of accounting ?
g) How do you treat bad debt recovered earlier written off ?
h) What is gross total income ?
i) What is grossing up and why it should be done ?
j) State the provisions U/s 80U.
k) What are listed and unlisted securities ?
l) How do you treat family pension received by the family members of a deceased person ?

P.T.O.



SECTION – B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries eight marks.

(4×8=32)

2. State the provisions of Section 54 EC and 54 F.
3. Mr. Vakil has the following receipts and payments for the year ended 31-3-2015.
Compute his Professional Income :

Receipts	Rs.	Payments	Rs.
Consultation fee	2,00,000	Office rent	1,20,000
Drafting charges	1,50,000	Salary to	
Dividend received	60,000	juniors and staff	84,000
Lectures in		Car expenses	
law institutes as		(25% personal)	40,000
guest faculty	20,000	Books (annual)	10,000
Gift from clients	30,000	Contribution to PPF	15,000

4. Calculate the aggregate gifts received by Mr. Govind during the previous year ended 31-3-2015
- Gift received from mother in the form of jewellery Rs. 2,00,000/-
 - Gift from elder brother in cash Rs. 60,000/-
 - Gift of cash from uncle Rs. 60,000/-
 - Gift from colleagues on the occasion of his marriage in cash Rs. 35,000/-
 - Gift of a portable colour T.V. received from his cousin worth Rs. 8,000/-
 - Gift of Rs. 45,000 in cheque from non-resident friend.
 - Gift of site from non-relative by will Rs. 12,00,000/-



5. Calculate the total taxable capital gains for the A.Y. 2015 – 16 in respect of the following transfers.

- a) Sale of goodwill which is self generated in April 2014 Rs. 1,50,000/-.
- b) Sale of rights shares in July 2014 for Rs. 28,000/-. These were allotted at a cost of Rs. 9,000/- during P.Y. 2012 – 13.

(CII : 2012 – 13 : 852 & 2014 – 15 : 1024)

- c) Sale of personal vehicle for Rs. 90,000 and its cost Rs. 1,20,000/-
- d) Machinery sold in October 2014 for Rs. 1,96,000. Its cost on the date of purchase was Rs. 1,60,000/- and W.D.V. on 1-4-2014 was Rs. 1,44,000/-

6. Mr. Ajit has a GTI of Rs. 7,00,000/- for the previous year 2014 – 15 and the following particulars are given :

- a) LIP on own life Rs. 70,000/-.
- b) Amount invested in mutual funds of UTI Rs. 45,000/-
- c) Interest on loan taken for the higher education of his daughter Rs. 30,000/-
- d) He has maintained his younger brother dependent on him with specified disability. Maintenance expense Rs. 2,00,000 p.a.
- e) The G.T.I. has included Rs. 20,000 received as Royalty as an author and net value of books sold is Rs. 4,30,000/-.
- f) The assessee himself is physically handicapped.

Calculate Net Total Income.

SECTION – C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries sixteen marks.

(3×16=48)

7. Information about assessee

- a) Composite rent of building along with machinery Rs. 2,50,000/-.

The following are the expenses on machinery : Depn : Rs. 8,000/-

Repairs Rs. 4,000/-

- b) He earned a Royalty of Rs. 40,000/- from stone quarry and the expenses to earn this income Rs. 3,000/-.

- c) Salary as M.P. Rs. 35,000/-.

- d) Income from bank fixed deposits Rs. 45,000/-

- e) He earned a dividend from foreign companies grossing Rs. 65,000/- of which Rs. 15,000/- was deducted as T.D.S. in that country and the balance was received in India.

- f) Winnings from Horse Race Rs. 2,10,000/- (Net).

- g) Remuneration as examiner from a University Rs. 48,000 and incidental expenses Rs. 6,000 of which 50% expenses were reimbursed by University.

- h) Unexplained expenditure Rs. 10,000/-

- i) He has taken a house on rent for 21,000/- p.m. He has sub-letout $\frac{1}{3}$ of the house @ Rs. 15,000 p.m. and the expenses relating to the entire house incurred by him : Municipal Tax : 15,000/-

Repairs : 6,000/-

Compute the income from other sources for the A.Y. 2015 – 16.

8. The following is the Receipt and Payment Account of Mr. Ramki a Chartered Accountant for the P.Y. ended on 31-3-2015.

	Rs.		Rs.
To Balance b/d	1,50,000	By Staff salary	3,00,000
" Audit fee	2,00,000	" Stipend to Audit Clerks	1,00,000
" Tax consultancy fee	2,50,000	" Office rent	90,000
" Project report fee	2,50,000	" Software development expenses	10,000
" Accounting software charges	50,000	" Office Exp.	1,25,000
" Guest lectures in CA Institute	25,000	" Books Annual	30,000
" Bank interest	25,000	Non-Annual	30,000
" Remuneration as member tax reforms commission	20,000	" Car expenses CA institute membership fee	65,000
		" Contribution to PPF	50,000
		" Balance c/d	1,65,000
	9,70,000		9,70,000

Other Information :

- $\frac{1}{4}$ car usage is personal.
- Depn. on car Rs. 10,000/-.
- Depn. on office furniture Rs. 7,000/-

Compute income from profession taxable for the A.Y. 2015 – 16



9. Mr. Amar gives you the following P & L Account for the P.Y. 2014 – 15 and compute his taxable business income

	Rs.		Rs.
To salaries	1,80,000	By GP	10,00,000
" Rent and rates	1,20,000	" Commission	1,00,000
" Establishment expenses	2,70,000	" Refund of VAT	25,000
" Provision for		" Refund of excise	
bad debts	5,000	penalty	50,000
" Publicity	30,000	" Interest	25,000
" Patent purchased	1,00,000	" Rent from H. property	1,20,000
" Technical know-how		" Profit on sale	
[on 1-1-15]	1,00,000	of shares	30,000
" Depn.	70,000	" Share of income from HUF	1,00,000
" Excise duty provision	80,000		
" Donation to National			
Laboratory	50,000		
" NP	4,45,000		
	14,50,000		14,50,000

Other Information :

- a) Establishment expenses include Rs. 10,000 for repairs to house property.
 - b) Salary includes Rs. 30,000 to owners son, and I.T.O. points out Rs. 5,000 is excessive.
 - c) Establishment expenses also included Rs. 5,000/- expenditure paid out of India without T.D.S. in India.
 - d) 40% of excise duty provision was paid before last date for filing return and the balance still unpaid.
 - e) Depreciation allowable as per IT provision Rs. 50,000 [Excluding patent and technical know-how purchased].
10. Mr. Ramanand inherited 20 acres of agricultural land in urban limits from his father during 1979. The FMV on 1-4-1981 was Rs. 38,000/- per acre. He made improvements during the P.Y. 1985 – 86 at a cost of Rs. 3,000 per acre (CII 133).
- On 17-8-2014 he sold 10 acres at Rs. 12,50,000 per acre and expenditure on transfer was 4%. He made the following appropriations.
- a) Purchased another of 10 acres of agricultural land at Rs. 1,90,000 per acre.
 - b) Purchased a residential house for Rs. 24,00,000/-
 - c) Paid Rs. 9,00,000/- for a bank loan taken for private purpose.

Compute taxable capital gain.

(CII 1981 – 82; = 100 2014 – 15 = 1024)